# lisit to Guy Aldred.

FOR INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM.

Founded and Edited by SYLVIA PANKHURST

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[WEEKLY.]

### SCOTTISH SHEPHERD'S SPRING SONG.

Oh I'm watt, watt, Oh I'm watt and weary; Yet fain would I rise and run If I would meet my dearie.

Ave waukin O, Waukin, aye, and wearie, Sleep I can get nane, For thinkin o my dearie.

Summer's a pleasant time; Flowers o every colour, The winter rins o'er the heugh And I long for my true lover.

When I sleep I dream, When I wauk I'm eerie; Sleep I can get nane, For thinkin o my dearie.

Lanely nicht comes on, A the laves are sleepin. I think on my true love And blear my een wi greetin.

Feather beds are soft, Pentit rooms are bonnie; But one kiss of my dear love Better's far than ony.

Oh for Friday nicht, Friday in the gloamin; Oh for Friday nicht, Friday's long a comin.

-An old Scottish song, quoted in Brown's RAB AND HIS FRIENDS."

## WOMEN STUDENTS AND THE LONDON HOSPIT IL.

VISCOUNT KNUTSFORD'S REPLY.

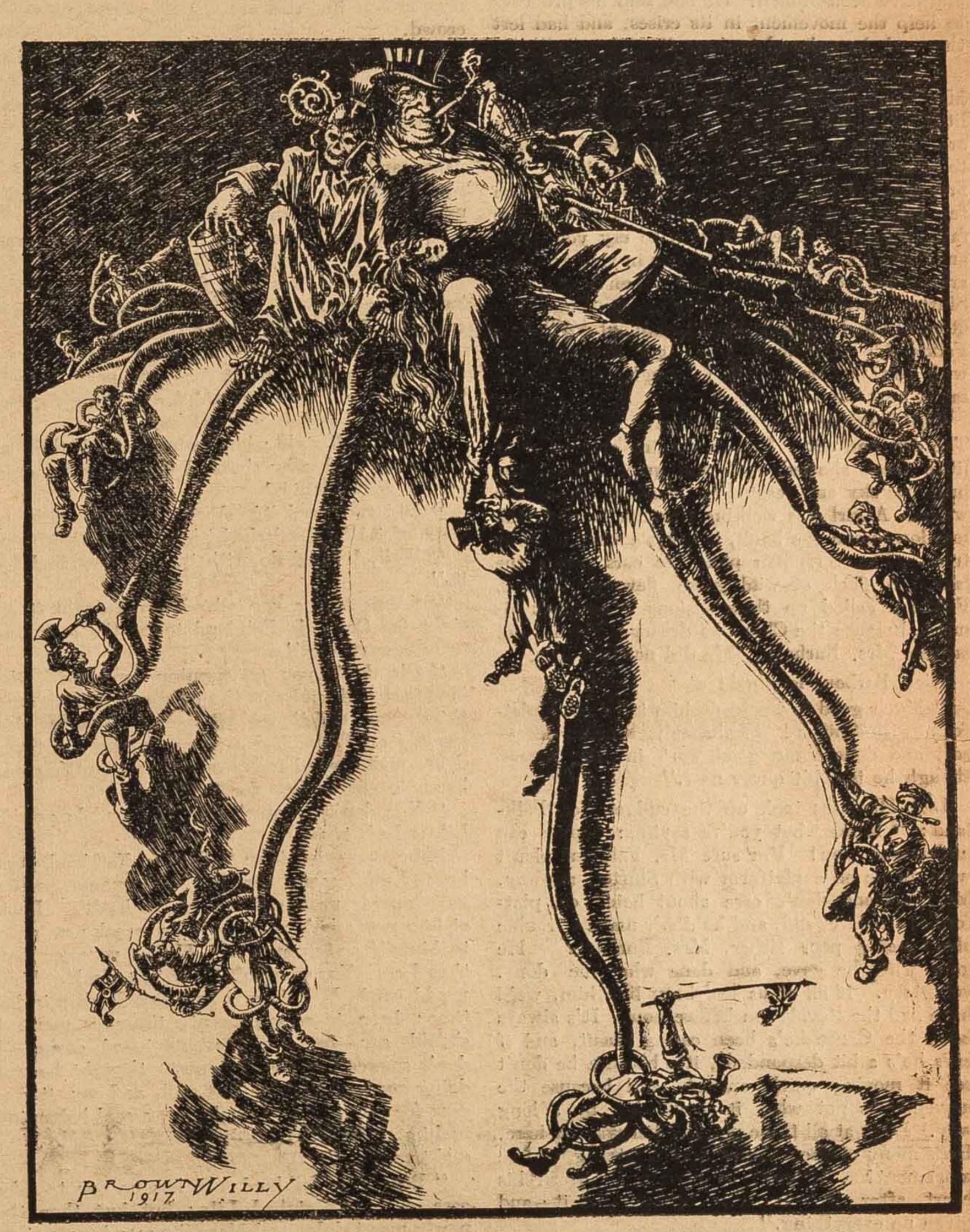
DEAR SIR-

Forgive my writing that it is always inadvisable to attribute motives to anyone. Directly you do this, you are dealing with the unknown, and can only attribute to others the motives which would have actuated you yourself under similar circumstances.

Your article says that our decision to exclude women medical students has "a purely economic, a Trade Union motive," and that " medical men are alarmed at the encroachments of medical

Both these statements are absolutely untrue. Why, only four years ago the whole of our Medical and Surgical Staff and all (but one) of our Committee of Management voted unanimously to take women students! I know what I am writing about when I say that medical men are not in the very least alarmed about women becoming doctors. There is no indication in this country that they are likely to be successful. I wish it were otherwise. I am strongly in favour of women becoming doctors, and the work of Dr. Flora Murray and Dr. Anderson in the war was pioneer and perfect work.

But we found, as the experience of four years, that if we continued taking women students, we were ruining our School for men-one of the largest in England—because for one reason or another, men students infinitely preferred a school for men only, and we were doing this for m great benefit to women, as there is ample



GENOA. CAPITAL STILL ENTHRONED.

accommodation for women to qualify elsewhere than at the London Hospital.

If our step was to have the result of stopping women becoming doctors, I would have died in the last ditch rather than have agreed to it. But it can have no such effect.

Another reason which influenced us was that separate schools. I emphasise trained. we had no money to build, as we intended to do four years ago when we first took women, separate accommodation for women Residents.

The Resident posts are the most valuable we have, and we had promised the women they should run an equal chance with men in getting them. But the cost of building and the shortness of money have prevented our building this accommodation, and it is impossible that the women Residents can be expected to share the only one common room with the men.

I do not think that I have ever professed to be anything: so your accusation, that I profess myself to be a "prurient old fool," is as untrue as it is discourteous. But what matter? You

have got hold of quite the wrong end of the stick, though I do not suppose for one moment that you will admit it.

I have the authority of one of the greatest women doctors, who agrees with me, that men and women students had better be trained in

Yours.

KNUTSFORD.

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## FRANK PENMAN IN LONDON. ing at your house, and you took in lodgers:

Club and, as usual, with head bowed and eyes offered it-not for himself, anyhow, and I almost closed. Once he had been an engraver couldn't afford to keep that paper going." of rare skill, but that was more than thirty years "If you and some of the others had given a mother by his earnings before he was out of his members that was always paying out." apprenticeship, his father's brother had made "Oh, I did my share." money in America and left him a comfortable "It was all very well for Falkland: he could If not, let me tell you it represents the depths of to help the movement in its crises, and had left crowd. the work he enjoyed to serve it.

few and you've paid for it, but it's getting the up their wages when he had money." fashion now. Them as used to cry you down "Well, you were one of them," answered and hadn't a word to say for you in your trouble, Roberts. are all to the front with it. When I saw Bob other night, I'd a good mind to call out: 'Where's spongers, I worked for what I got." Falkland? Why haven't you got him up there say it next time."

Old Falkland was gazing upon a great lake. The sun had set. The mountains covered with little trees showed dark and quiet against the primrose sky and cast deep shadows into the water. A girl was walking through the flat lush meadows upon the bank, towards a wood of little trees. The ferryman plied his oars across the lake. A flock of wild geese flew southward. Falkland called up these visions to comfort his mind, because the Club was dreary. He did not answer Mrs. Burbage. He did not hear her.

Dick Barbour laughed:

"Much good it would do him to be on a platform with Shifter! Falkland's been a decent sort and done some good work in his timethough he is a bit queer now."

land: "Mind what you're saying: people can Lily asked, tartly. understand you! I'm sure Mr. Falkland don't Roberts ignored her: "Fact is, Falkland went home." want to be on a platform with Shifter, anyway. beyond all reason: chucked his money away: Aldred walks in. He looks splendid, dressed turned into an agitational phrase, unsupported Mr. Falkland don't care about being on plat- gave up his work and ruined his health. Look in a knicker suit, you would have taken his forms; he never did, and he don't make a trouble at him now: he's nothing but a wreck: no good a petty bourgeois going to play golf. about being poor either, Mrs. Burbage. He to himself or anyone else. He's a younger man "Your seats," says the warder. John and I future in 1900 by its resolve at the Paris Congave what he gave, and done what he done, than I am. You wouldn't think it, to look at him, each take a chair—an old-fashioned sofa divides voluntary. If all of us had been like him, we'd would you? He's been a rum sort of chap in his us. We shake hands across the back of the sofa. have had the Revolution before now. It's always time: been to prison twenty times or more, I "John," I say, "Comrade Aldred." been the Cause he's been caring about, and if should say-for the movement-of course-I John jumps up, and with extended hand, says, ever he's a bit despondent, it's because he don't don't suggest he was dishonest—thought he was "Let me shake hands with one of the finest men see it moving quick enough, and because the doing good, of course. But still, as I say, it was in Britain." movement's not what it should be, by a long easy for him to do it: he hadn't a soul belchiging (The warder looked at the wall in front.) way. Look at all these people sitting about here. to him. Whatever he did, there was only him- Aldred opens out: How many of them really does anything for the self to suffer." movement? It must be enough to break his "Poor Mr. Falkland: he has no one to take joy. Tell your children of the Proletarian heart, after all he's been through for it—and care of him," sighed Lily; but just then for their cheering. The Third International then appeared on the given up everything."

"I should say so," assented Mrs. Burbage, sighing deeply. "He was well-to-do once. Lovely home he had: some massive furniture. I remember when they was going to broker him for the Rates. 'You bring 'em along to me, Mr. Falkland,' I says, 'I'll let you store 'em in my cellar.' But you couldn't move him. He made a joke of it at first. 'Do you want me to sleep on the floor, Mrs. Burbage?' he says. 'They can't take your bed,' I says, 'you can keep that. I should do without the rest, if I was you. Pile up your clothes on the floor,' I says. 'I'm not much troubled with them,' he something to happen." says'; he was always one to make a joke of it. The voice of Lily Hawkins rose from the din He sold up his things, bit by bit to pay this one around the tables: and that one, and to keep up that paper they "The movement's only a pastime to some of used to bring out. He lost a lot on that paper." them," she said.

"What a shame to talk about putting his Miss Mayence approached Penman: furniture in a cellar and piling up his clothes on "What do you think of having a real propathe floor, Mrs. Burbage," Lily Hawkins protested. ganda holiday? Shall we make up a party to go "Fancy you telling him to leave himself with on tramp through the Home Counties, holding only a bed! You didn't live that way yourself, meetings and selling literature?" did you? You think a lot of your home. You'd Frank Penman made a wry face. have done better if you'd offered to give him "What a sluggard you are," she gibed. "But something to pay off the brokers. You had a bit I mean to do it. You will enjoy it immensely if of money saved, I'm sure. They were all work- you make up your mind to come.

Old Falkland sat in his usual corner of the "He wouldn't have taken it from me if I'd

ago. He was possessed of independent means bit to the movement every week, and helped to fully? I, along with another old Comrade. In then, for though he had come of working class sell the stuff and get new members, it parents and had had to maintain his widowed wouldn't have been so hard for him and the few

income. That income had long since disappeared. afford to sacrifice himself, not being married," depravity of the bourgeois rule. We saw mem. Falkland was one of those who have flung them- interposed a stout, dapper little man with a bers of our class, working in the quarries, instant selves and their all into the workers' movement heavy gold watch chain, who looked particularly like rats in a trap. We saw on their faces the and have been broken. He had sold his property prosperous in this rather shabby bohemian mark of the trapped beast.

Mrs. Burbage replied with indignation: "That subdued to the lowest point to which the human "How are you, Mr. Falkland?" asked stout isn't true, Mr. Roberts "; "he was keeping no can be brought. Mrs. Burbage, sitting beside him, panting a end of people when he had money: they were all Old John said: "Tom, see what the British little. "It's a shame to see you so poor as you coming to him for a helping hand in their troubles. Government can do. Beasts without a kickle are. I always say so. You was one of the first That was beside what he had to pay out for the If they had no brains at all, these prisoners to come out and talk about Communism. The paper and the hall and them that was paid for might be happy. Beautiful land! Beautiful first that I heard, anyway. You was one of the working there. I know he went short to make Scotland! The land of the Mountain and the

"Well: if I was paid for scrubbing out the Shifter getting all the cheers at the Baths the hall, I earned it. I wasn't one of them

"Couldn't you have got a few comrades to the big prison, waiting our turn to get in. Note with you?' That's what I thought, and I shall have took turns to do it for nothing? I don't the civilisation of our land: stand outside until

> was being paid, why should I have been the only like birds of prey, on behalf of the master class organisations affiliated thereto. Thus the resolve Parliament for "a cheaper King." "Did you need it? Were you downright in

want of it?" Lily flashed back at Mrs. Burbage. "Anderson and McAteer," shouts the big "Well, I could do with it, and I worked for warder.

"Oh don't you go running away with the blue."

thing, my girl," said Roberts, squaring his as he hands us over to another. shoulders. "We had a fine movement in those "The door opposite," says the warder. days, and a good many of us were putting our We march into a little room, the size of as opment of the national bourgeoisie that Bebel openly, for this rebuilding of Capitalism.

Lily Hawkins took up the cudgels for Falk- "You don't do much of that now, do you?" 17,000 families in Glasgow), occupied by

newly-married Joe and Mary Simmonds came into messages; when I come out I will send each one seene, as the Second International was almost the Club and joined the merry crowd that was a letter. How many children have you, Come destroyed. It began with an attack upon capicongratulating them. Mrs. Burbage moved off rade?" to give her advice to Mrs. Johnson, whose daughter was subject to fits. Roberts and Dick

Barbour strolled over to the bar. Frank Penman, who had not spoken, was left alone beside old Falkland, who had not heard them talking, and was watching the moon rise over the quiet lake.

"This is our movement," thought Penman; "the few who see, and suffer and toil, till they are broken, and the many who idly wait for

# PROLETARIAN SCHOOLS BY TOM ANDERSON.

A Visit to Guy Aldred.

Fellow worker, will you read this note con-McAteer-and, by the way, John is the olde Communist in Scotland—visited Barlinnie Prison to see our Comrade, Guy Aldred.

Have you ever been to prison, fellow workers

They were members of the Working Class

So old John hummed away to himself. " Breathes there a man with soul so dead. Who never to himself hath said,

"This is my own, my native land "?" During this time we were standing outside "That's all right; but seeing that all the rest class, clad in blue uniforms, working and acting of our—no, their—land.

The big gate opens.

"single apartment" (such as are ccoupied "beasts" in the quarries when they are "at

"Comrades, I am full of life and love and

"Two hundred," I replied.

Fairy Story I wrote. I love the children. At a tionary. There was nothing of Parliamentarism. phase of reaction. first I was not much in favour of your Schools, nothing of Trade Unions in the first circular of

may take, we must build. Won't it be glorious revolutionary. through our City?"

John and I concurred. We said many other

Then the warder said, "Time's up!" We shake hands.

# WORKERS' INTERNATIONAL ITS FOUR STAGES. By H. Neumann.

The Second International.

Second International was founded a long ofter the disappearance of the International sightion. Eighteen years passed. In 1889 on international alliance.

eight-hour day and International Peace.

England was the greatest centre of Capitalism, berger, on the ground of the capitalist republic.

stances it was impossible."

organisation of the Second International, or State. for by any real will to action. The Second International already determined its entire later gress: to invite only representatives of those groups which strive for the transformation of methods of capital, property and production, and which regard as necessary means of alising this object, participation in the making

flaws and Parliamentary activity. The Second International became a traitor to proletariat on August 4th, 1914.

# The Third International.

"I have an old-fashioned home in London Is to say, Soviet Russia did not make its principal infamous type.

dominant. The change began with the dissolu- the Government is now trying to enact an antition of the Rural Pool Committees, the original Radical law of unexampled severity. It reads:object of which was the immediate transformation of privately-owned land into Socialist commonproperty. The reformist policy culminated at the beginning of this year, with the permission of the Soviet Government, to indulge in free commerce and private production.

The Third International was connected with Socialist Parties and Trade Unions united the birth of Soviet Russia. Whilst the Commune of Paris meant the end of the First International, Second International was ostensibly the Soviet Russia was the beginning of the Third essor of the first, but was quite different in International; as the First International colmposition. It was of a strictly Trade Union lapsed with the Paris Commune, the Third oter. All questions of dispute at the Con- International will and must fall together with the ses actually were exclusively questions of ruin of Soviet Russia. But the fall does not protection. Politically, the second In- come about in such a way that the Soviet Goational made its principle object: Parlia- vernment collapses. It is a crawling collapse tary democracy, and its main demands were that lingers from one halting place to another. Therefore the collapse of the Third International The reduction of the working hours was for a will not come suddenly, but like a creeping long time a foremost demand of the Labour disease. We have seen that the Third Internaement in England, and at first England tional has placed itself on a common ground with pinated the Second International. Because capitalist society, and since the death of Erz-

proletariat occupied a certain preferential And with all that, the German section is still osition in the International. Nevertheless the one of the most experienced and tried sections of man Social Democracy was developing very the Third International. The sections of other mickly in its struggle with German Capitalism, countries are lagging many miles behind the reod in the Workers' International, the German volutionary experiences, convictions and successes movement began more and more to put the of the "eminent" German section. We have English Labour organisations into the shade. read that in France Communist Municipal Con-The principles and fighting methods of the seillors have taken part in the consecration of think people should be paid for working for the you are called; no waiting rooms; no civility; no second International were of a strictly Trade War monuments, and we are informed by our humanity; only doped members of the working Injon and Parliamentary character. Concessions Bulgarian comrades that the Bulgarian Tesniaki were constantly made to the passivity of the as the Bulgarian section is called—has fought in

make the First of May a day of rest every- The opportunism and the betrayal on the part where was not expected to operate in countries of the Third International is to be sought in the where "according to national peculiar circum- fact that it compels its sections to re-build the capitalist system in the whole world in the in-"Right, Hendry," responds John, and we In the discussions regarding international terest of petty-peasant capitalist Soviet Russia. "Seems to me you all of you thought it all two old ones of the proletariat march in to see world peace, a pacifist demand was made that These Parliamentarians recommend the bourright for Comrade Falkland to be the only one one of Britain's valiant fighters on behalf of the in the event of a war a general strike should be geoisie in the German Reichstag as a measure for "beasts in the quarries" and the "men in declared, and at the same time also a strike the recovery of Capitalism, to use the "necessary against entering military service. This tendency labour power in the necessary place." Their idea that Falkland was the only one to give any- "Guy Aldred's visitors," shouts one warden failed to prevail. Bebel was able to call it chairman, Heckert, had no compunction in demaive. The entire ideology of the Second In- amanding at the Congress of the Gelsenkirchen ernational was so far connected with the devel- Workers' Union, a pledge from the miners,

was prepared to shoulder the gun for his country. Until now the program of the Third Interna-Every proletarian revolutionary idea was either tional was, in principle, proletarian revolutionary decliately suppressed by the great important —the establishment of the proletarian Soviet

(To be continued.)

# FROM JAPAN.

the Japanese Joint Committee of Workers and the revolutionary organisations abroad.

COMRADES AND FELLOW WORKERS-

lished a political supremacy of their own. But sacred name of International Solidarity! here, unlike the advanced capitalist countries of Europe and America, the bourgeois domination does not take on the form of political democracy. lalist society. The watchword "All power to The conquest of political power on the part of the Soviets," the fighting means proclaimed by the Japanese bourgeoisie is completed just at the "I will make a present to each child, of a sit in its first circular of invitation, were revolu- time when World Capitalism has reached its final

The Japanese working class, which has been but experience has taught me I was wrong muitation to the first Congress of the Third In- struggling under the iron-hand of semi-feudal When they let me away from here I will work the lemational, on the contrary, the Third Interna- militarist bureaucracy, is now brought face to harder than ever I have done in my life. I was the outer politic of Soviet Russia, that face with a bourgeois dictatorship of the most

which I dearly love; but I am afraid they want to sobject and its chief aim the carrying through of Nothing is spared to keep down the Japanese take it from me. But I will not let them: I will national Russian revolution as it does to- workers. Their Unions are declared illegal and beg and pray and work to retain that old home, day; but the carrying through of the proletarian subjected to every sort of open and secret inter-World revolution. That is proved by all the ference. Their Press, meetings, demonstrations, "I want to take some of your children up support it rendered in the days of January 1919, and all organised activities are ruthlessly supthere for a holiday; to show them the big City, several months later to the German working pressed. During the past year, hundreds of and I want to take some from Wales and from was movement. As long as the Bolsheviki strikes were crushed by the police and Army, and every town, if I can afford it. We must build, proletarian policy in Soviet Kokusui-kai (the Fascisti of Japan). In De- INTRODUCTION TO ESPERANTO Comrades, we must build, no matter the time to policy of the Third International, cember, 1920, the Japanese Socialist League was ordered to dissolve on the very day of its forma-

to see a few children of the 'Reds' march to see a few children of the ' more and more the pursuance of the re- Relief Committee was organised by 36 Labour Schools and Classes. policy of the Third International. In and Socialist organisations in Tokio, only to be Itself the policy of the peasants became forbidden to make a single move. To crown all, Workers' Dreadnought, 152 Fleet Street, E.C.4.

ANTI-RADICAL-SOCIAL-MOVEMENT LAW.

1.—Persons who do, or intend to do, propaganda for ideas and acts opposed to the national constitution, in connection with Anarchism, Communism, etc., are liable to not more than seven years' imprisonment or penal servitude. Persons who induce others to do the same, as well as those who are thus induced, are liable to the same penalty.

2.—Persons who organise, assemble, or engage in mass-movement, with the object of doing propaganda for, or of carrying out the matters defined in the preceding article, are liable to not more than ten years' imprisonment or penal servitude.

3.—Persons who do, or intend to do, propaganda for changing the fundamental systems of society through riots, violence, intimidation, and other illegal methods, are liable to not less than a few years' imprisonment or penal

4.—Persons who offer money and articles, or afford other facilities to other persons, with a view to enabling them to commit the crimes defined in the three preceding articles, as well as those persons who accept such offers, knowing its intention, are liable to the penalties prescribed in the respective articles.

5.—Persons who commit the crimes defined in the four preceding articles, if they surrender themselves to authority before their crimes are discovered are subject to reduced penalties or exemption.

6.—The present law applies to persons who commit he crimes both inside and outside the territory of Imperial Japan.

This is what every capitalist government desires to do. The law reveals in a most haughty, shameless manner, the brutal and ruthless character of all exploiters. They are " reasonable," pliable," and "democratic" only where the strength of the working class compels them to be so. The Japanese workers, historically y inexperienced and weak, have never enjoyed even the most elementary rights-have never been free to speak, write, or to assemble, not to speak of organising themselves. And now comes this law. It threatens to deprive the workers of what little freedom they possess.

But the chief aim of the law is to smash the international movement, towards which the Japanese proletariat has marched despite untold difficulties. The law once enacted, all co-operation, all connection, indeed, all contact will be The following Manifesto has been issued by impossible between the Japanese proletariat and

> The Japanese working class, though fettered and handcuffed, has resolutely entered the battle against the final offensive of Capitalism.

Proletarians of all countries, protest against In Japan, Capitalism has grown to maturity, the infamous law, against the brutal dictatorship and the bourgeois capitalists have firmly estab- of the Japanese bourgeoisie! Protest in the

# THE AXE TO THE ROOT BY JAMES CONNOLLY.

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### LENIN'S REBUKE. The Compromise of the Third International in Berlin.

Lenin, in the Pravda, rebukes Bukharin and Radek for the concessions they made on behalf of the Third International at Berlin. He says :-

"Our representatives acted incorrectly when they promised that the Soviet Government will not apply capital punishment to the indicted Socialist revolutionaries, and will permit representatives of the three Internationals to be present at the trial. Both conditions are confessions of timidity by the revolutionary proletariat to the reactionary bourgeoisie.

"A world-wide war rages between the reactionary bourgeoisie and the revolutionary proletariat. By the Berlin agreement we made two concessions to the bourgeoisie while receivin r none. The concessions forced by the Vienna and London Internationals favour bourgeois interests directly or indirectly, but concession to the revolutionary proletariat is refused.

form never to make political concessions to the determined by the Russian Debt Commission. bourgeoisie without obtaining equivalent con-Capitalism."

reasonable. It is the surrender of Communist Soviet Government to Capitalism arouse no conprinciple involved in other concessions to which fidence that there is any resisting power left in we object.

cessions made by Bukharin and Radek as con- victories over Russian Communism. cessions to "the reactionary bourgeoisie." He According to The Times, the Soviet Governtherefore regards the leaders of the Second In- ment representative, Rakovsky, has proposed at ternational as being either actually a part of the Genoa the creation of a fixed ratio between the reactionary bourgeoisie or its immediate tools. purchasing power of the dollar and the pound. Yet he desires co-operation with those reaction- and a fixed ratio between the currencies of aries or tools of reactionaries. Surely that is a Russia, Britain and the rest of the world, in order fatal policy? Says Lenin: "We must only draw to avoid the excessive rising of exchange values the conclusion that the bourgeois diplomatists in countries which have a large supply of gold. proved smarter than our own, and that next time Such proposals are exceedingly practical from

should still cling to that standpoint. The con- proletarian struggle to destroy Capitalism. Such The employers, who can afford to wait, v clusion we draw is that the way of political measures as this suggested by Rakovsky are caljugglery and negotiation leads to defeat for the culated merely to patch up and delay the collapse workers' cause.

Clear, definite, undeviating propaganda and preparation for Communism offers the only true road to success.

When Lenin counselled the Italian Socialist Party to turn from the proletarian Revolution to the Elections, when he urged British Communists to seek affiliation to the Labour Party, when he wrote the pamphlet "Infantile Sickness of the Left," he opened the door to the compromises of Berlin. In ten years time, if not sooner, he will view those steps with regret.

# THE CAPITALIST VAMPIRE AT GENOA.

There has been some pretty manœuvring at Genoa, but we are dubious of the result unless the Russian delegates will break away and de- Nottingham, read declarations which the Second,

cessions to Capitalism: they have already made appended to the Joint Unity Front declaration all too many. The offer to admit the Czarist The Second International declared that unity debts and other Allied claims, amounting to will not be possible unless the Third International £2,600,000,000 if the Allies will pay the sum ceases its methods of forming Communist nuclei of £5,000,000,000 for their attacks upon Soviet within the Trade Union movement and respects Russia, was a sensational move. The Capitalist the principles of free speech and national self Governments dismissed it as futile. They be- determination. lieve, we fear with too much reason, that the Russian Government will go very far in concessions to secure recognition and trade with the capitalists of Europe and America.

It should be remembered that the Allied demands as set forth in the report of their financial experts do not call for mere money payments, which might be off-set by money claims by ussia if conceded to the Allies. The Allied demands call for the return of actual properties, land, mines, rivers, industrial plant, and so on. The demands are to cover claims by foreign nationals, by Russian companies in which foreign nationals had an interest, and by Article 6 of claims by Russian nationals "for loss or damage arising directly from hostile military or naval operations, or from other operations of a similar nature, and any other claims." That Article is ambiguous, but it is not clear that it will not be used to force the Soviets to compensate Russian capitalists and restore to them their former pro-

The Allied demands include the setting up of Mixed Arbitral Tribunals, consisting of Russians and foreign representatives, to decide what the compensation of claimants shall be, and how it shall be paid. The Allied demands dictate the setting up of a Russian Debt Commission, composed of nominees of the Russian Government, nominees of other Powers, and an "independent chairman" chosen by agreement between the other nations, or by the League of Nations. Such a chairman would, of course, be pro-capitalist and anti-Soviet Russia. Of course, Soviet Russia "I consider that Radek and Bukharin acted would be always out-voted on the Commission. incorrectly, but the agreement must not be torn The Debt Commission, according to Allied up. We must only draw the conclusion that claims, shall issue bonds for the payment of the bourgeois diplomatists proved smarter than Russia's money debts, These bonds shall be our own, and that next time we must negotiate free from all Russian taxation on interest or desire." and manœuvre more cleverly. We must adopt principle, and shall carry a rate of interest to be

These are but some of the evil proposals of the cessions for Soviet Russia or other proletarian capitalist vampire at Genoa. Hitherto the Soviet detachments engaged in the struggle against Government delegates withstand them. Will their resistance be maintained?

We think these concessions are no more than The widespread concessions now made by the the Soviet Government. Yet even if Capitalism The agreement is a bad one, says Lenin, but, were now to call a halt and make the bargain as you observe, he says "it must not be torn proposed by the Soviet Government representaup." Observe also that he speaks of the con- tives, Capitalism might well be content with its

we must negotiate and manœuvre more cleverly." the point of view of those who would re-establish the Engineering Unions which broke away from We regret that Lenin, or any Communist, Capitalism; but they have no connection with the the A.E.U. have broken down. of the old capitalist machine.

The Soviet Government now concentrates on the capitalist development of Soviet Russia, which its members have recently come to regard as necessary. 'We cannot follow them into that morass, but continue to keep the Communist

As to the agreement between Soviet Russia and Germany, we wait to discover whether it will stand. Not much will come of it we think.

Communists should remember that the German Republic is a capitalist republic, and that it refused all alliance with Soviet Russia till Capitalism was re-established in Russia.

# THE UNITED FRONT.

R. C. Wallhead, at the I.L.P. Conference in widow was mentioned as £70. clare their intention of making no further con- Second-and-a-Half, and Third Internationals had of property, however reactionary they may be.

Will the Third International concede also this to those whom its leaders term bourgeois reactionaries? In that case the Red Trade Union International is already dead, and the way is left clear for the Fourth International and its One Big Revolutionary Industrial Union.

The Third International stated that it agreed to make the joint declaration only after much hesitation, caused mainly by the attitude of the Second International in refusing to adopt the annulment of the Versailles Treaty as a watchword at workers' demonstrations.

The I.L.P. has lately fallen away from (2) The Opposition did not originate in some the international standpoint it adopted during the international standpoint it is adopted during the international standpoint in the international standpoint is adopted during the international standpoint in the international standpoint is adopted during the international standpoint in the international standpoint in the international standpoint is adopted during the international standpoint in the international standpoint is adopted during the international standpoint is adopted during the international standpoint in the international standpoint is adopted during the international the war. It recently agreed to a resolution of the controversy, but, on the contrary, covers the "Five Nations Socialist Conference" at the whole extent of Soviet Russia and meets with Frankfort, that Germany must restore the devastated regions of France and Germany. Wall. At present there prevails an opinion that the sion of this process, incomplete at the time, was head, the Chairman of the Party, excused this whole root of the controversy arising between the at the party conference, in September, 1920. to the resolution, and that English Socialists noticeable among the leaders consists exclusively with rejections and criticism. The Opposition Proletarian Schools.—Continued from page 2.

might have aspired to equal the Germans in Representatives of the Opposition are not always "lower" elements demand freedom of The Germans erred in accepting the resolution our Republic is touched upon, controversies arise for manifestation of initiative. and with them the whole conference displayed a concerning a whole series of cardinal economic The leaders of the party understood this unbourgeois psychology.

Lloyd George's Government to throw stones at somed to appraise all events from the institutional dependence was taking place. the French in this regard. Archangel, Mur- mgle. They require a great deal of shrewdness mansk, and support given to Poland, Denikin, and skill to placate the socially heterogeneous the party leaders, where it quite unexpectedly

will be seriously antagonised by similar actions of pecialists, and pseudo-specialists of all kinds only natural. the French Government when they maintain and degrees. Lloyd George, Winston Churchill and the rest of the Coalition in power here?

French and British nations," are the Govern- weighting arguments in favour of it; and why ments referred to here, or the peoples? The sas it that the specialists' supporters at the same

# THE LOCK-OUT.

The negotiations between the employers and

off for their Easter vacation without a qualm, whilst the locked-out workers remained at home on short rations.

# KENYA AND RUSSIA. The "Sacred Rights" of Property.

At Genoa, the capitalist statesmen of Europe are endeavouring to civilise Russia, by forcing her to abandon all traces of Communism and to their unrestricted will desires. re-establish, on a secure footing, the laws and

shows so much respect for the native law be the possessor of his dead brother's 35 year o widow, and three children. The value of the

It seems that capitalist rulers respect the rights

# DISSIAN WORKERS v. SOVIET GOVERNMENT.

By Alexandra Kollantay.

osition" and the official point of view held tion to two facts:

The Workers' Opposition sprang from the anths of the industrial proletariat of Soviet ussia, and it is an outgrowth not only of the inbearable conditions of life and labour in which as "opportunism"? millions of the industrial workers find hamselves, but it is also a product of vacillation, consistencies, and outright deviations of our sovet policy from the early expressed class-conistent principles of the Communist programme;

and political questions.

Why was it that none but the Unions stubornly defended the principle of collective man-As to a "good understanding between the gement, even without being able to adduce our whole domestic policy. phrase is meaningless in the mouths of Socialists. In the defended the "one man management"? reason is that in this controversy, though sides emphatically denied that there was a stion of principle involved, two historically reconcilable points of view had clashed. The one man management " is a product of the avidualist conception of the bourgeois class. estricted, isolated, free will of one man, di anected from the collective.

this idea finds its reflection in all spheres of dan endeavour—beginning with the appointof a sovereign for the State, and ending a a sovereign director of the factory. This the supreme wisdom of bourgeois thought. bourgeoisie do not believe in the power of ollective body. They like only to whip the lasses into an obedient flock, and drive them

nating innovations.

Rejection of a principle—the principle of everywhere one unalterable point—and this is collective management in the control of industry the question: Who shall develop the creative —was a tactical compromise on behalf of our powers in the sphere of economic reconstruction? party, an act of adaptation; it was, moreover, an Whether purely class organs directly connected by act of deviation from that class policy which we vital ties with the industries—that is, whether Refore making clear what the cause is of the so zealously cultivated and defended during the industrial unions shall do the work of reconwidening break between the "Workers' first phase of the revolution.

The answer to this question we shall give later. Meanwhile we shall turn to the question: how did the Workers' Opposition form and develop?

The Ninth Congress (Russian Communist Party) was held in the spring. During the summer the Opposition did not assert itself. Nothing was heard about it during the stormy debates that took place at the Second Congress of the Communist International but deep at the bottom, there was taking place an accumulation of experience, of critical thought. The first expresstep by saying that the German delegates agreed Workers' Opposition and the numerous currents For a time the thought preoccupied itself largely could not be expected to be more German than the difference of opinions regarding the pro- had no well-formulated proposals of its own. blems that confront the Trade Unions. This, But it was obvious that the party was entering We think, however, that the English Socialists however, is not true. The break goes deeper. into a new phase of its life. Within its ranks magnanimity, especially since to do so would have the ble clearly to express and define it, but as soon criticism, loudly proclaiming that bureaucraey been to adhere to truth and to Socialist principle. It some vital question of the reconstruction of strangles them, leaves no freedom for activity, or

dercurrent, and though Comrade Zinoviev made to our Comrade, Guy Aldred, a momento of our At Nottingham the I.L.P. adopted a resolution for the first time the two different points of many verbal promises as to freedom of criticism, affection and regard for his 16 months' suffering declaring that the French Government since view, as they are expressed by the leaders of our widening of the scope of self-activity for the for the working class? 1919 has sabotaged every proposal for an under- party and the representatives of our class-organ- masses, persecution of leaders deviating from the I am to be the responsible treasurer, and I standing with Russia, and further announcing sed workers, found their reflection at the Ninth principles of democracy, etc. A great deal was have agreed to give a shilling for each shilling "that persistence in this policy will seriously longress of our party, when that body was said, and said well; but from words to deeds subscribed.

If antagonise the workers of this country and make discussing the question: "Collective versus there is a considerable distance. The September Make it it difficult to promote that good understanding personal management in industry." At that conference, together with Zinoviev's much proglad. between the French and British nations we all time there was no opposition from a well-formed mising speech, has changed nothing either in group, but it is very significant that collective the party itself or in the life of the masses. The The mistakes contained in this resolution are management was favoured by all the representation which the Opposition sprouts, was not so vast that they almost take our breath away. I tives of the Trade Unions, while opposed to it destroyed. Down at the bottom a growth of in-Firstly it is not for the people who live under a were all the leaders of our party, who are accus- articulate dissatisfaction, criticism, and inde-

This inarticulate ferment was noted even by Wrangel, Yudenitch and others in attacks on and the sometimes politically hostile aspirations generated sharp controversies. It is significant Soviet Russia are the answer to the charge—to the different social groups of the population that in the central party bodies, sharp controsay nothing of what is now happening at Genoa. Is expressed by proletarians, petty owners, versies arose concerning the part that must be How can it be said that the workers of Britain peasantry, and bourgeoisie in the person of played by the Trade Unions. This, however, is

> the Opposition and the party leaders, while not being the only one, is still the cardinal point of

Long before the Workers' Opposition had appeared with its Theses, and formed that basis on which, in its opinion, the dictatorship of the proletariat must rest, in the sphere of industrial reconstruction, the leaders in the party had sharply disagreed in their appraisal of the part that is to be played by the working class organistations regarding the latter's participation in the reconstruction of industries on a Communist one man management " is in principle an basis. The Central Committee of the party split into groups. Comrade Lenin stood in opposition to Trotsky, while Bukharin took the middle

Only at the Eighth Soviet Congress and immediately after, it became obvious that within the party itself there was a united group kept together primarily by the Theses of principles concerning the Trade Unions. This group, the Opposition, having no great theoreticians, and pages are documentary evidence of considerable in spite of a most resolute resistance from the value." most popular leaders of the party, was growing strong and spreading all over labouring Russia. The working class and its spokesmen, on the Was it so only in Petrograd and Moscow? Not customs regarding property current in capitalist customs regarding property current in capitalist customs the Communist aspira- at all! Even from the Donetz basin, the Ural as can be attained only through the collective Mountains, Siberia, and a number of other i In Kenya, on the other hand, Capitalism the destive efforts of the workers themselves. The dustrial centres came reports to the Central Comthe masses are developed in the expression mittee that there also the Workers' Opposition that the Supreme Court has just upheld their collective will and common thought, the was forming and acting. It is true that not and more complete will be the realisa- everywhere does the Opposition find itself in (In certain respects) one's hopes were justified. There of working class aspirations, for it will complete accord on all points with the workers of new, homogeneous, unified, perfectly- Moscow. At times there is much indefiniteness, anged Communist industry. Only those who pettiness, and absurdity in the expressions, deg bound to industry can introduce into mands and motives of the Opposition; while even the cardinal points may differ; yet there is

struction—or shall it be left to the Soviet machine Why did this happen? How did it happen which is separated from direct vital industrial our directing centres, it is necessary to call that our party, matured and tempered in the activity and is mixed in its composition? This is struggle of the revolution, was permitted to the root of the break. The Workers' Opposition be carried away from the direct road, in order defends the first principle, while the leaders of to journey along the round-about path of adapta- the party, whatever might be their own differences tion, formerly condemned severely and branded on various secondary matters, are in complete accord on the cardinal point, and defend the second principle.

What does this mean?

This means that our party lives through its first serious crisis of the revolutionary period, and that the Opposition is not to be driven away by such a cheap name as "Syndicalism," but that all comrades must consider this in all seriousness. Who is right—the leaders, or the working masses endowed with the healthy class instinct?

(To be continued.)

Aldred waves his hand to us as we leave, smiling as if he were going to a wedding.

I say to John: "We must do something!"

"Agreed!" says John.

"A testimonial, John?" " Agreed!"

Will you, then, fellow worker, help us to give

Make it 1,000 shillings, and my soul shall be No. 24 Queen Mary Avenue will find me.

A pastor is a man employed by the wicked to prove to them, by his example, that virtue does

-The Dawn.

# At present this subject of controversy between SOVIET RUSSIA AS I SAW IT

BY E. SYLVIA PANKHURST

(WRITTEN BEFORE THE POLICY OF REVERSION TO CAPITALISM WAS INSTITUTED).

SOME PRESS NOTICES.

"There is a vast mass of information in this book . and those interested in Soviet Russia will find much that is interesting amongst the mosaic of im-

TWO SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE.

-Daily Herald.

"Miss Pankhurst has a clever pen and a genuine gift for acute observation . . . one has to confess that Miss Pankhurst is interesting and illuminating in her report on the Communist Theory in practice, and her

-Glasgow Herald.

"Courageous and sincere."-The Wheatsheaf. "Apart from the peculiar historic interest in having a definite record of Miss Pankhurst's views at any time, one believed that her noted sympathies with Bolshevist policy and her considerable knowledge of the British Labour movement might result in a volume that would give a special viewpoint not to re is plenty of enthusiasm and there are plenty . . . Miss Pankhurst, as might be anticipated, is at her clearest and most interesting on such matters as divorce, marriage laws, child welfare, and

-Labour Monthly.

# HAPPENINGS OF THE FRENCH REVOLUTION.

(Continued). In the forests around Paris the peasants extermin-Abbey of St Denis were openly cut down and carried

From ten to twenty revolutionary pamphlets were published each day in Paris, orators stood on chairs before the cafés and harangued the people in the

In the elections for the National Assembly, the failed the Revolution in every respect. lords tried to stir up the peasants against the middle class profiteers. The middle class also tried to make use of the workers and peasants.

in Paris. In the Faubourg Saint-Antoine, disagreement arose between the workers and the middle class. Réveillon, a paper manufacturer who, once a worker, now employed three hundred operatives, a large number for those days, declared:

"The working man can live on lentils: wheat is not for the likes of him."

The angry people carried Réveillon's effigy to the Place de la Grève for sentence and execution. Next The troops arrived, but the people who had invaded willing and would grant them some reforms to benefit the factory defended themselves by throwing stones, themselves. slates off the roof, and furniture. The firing of the troops continued for several hours. Twelve soldiers were killed and eighty wounded. Of the people, two hundred were killed and three hundred wounded. The workers carried the dead bodies of their comrades through the streets. Several days later, fixe or six hundred men tried to break open the doors of the

Bicêtre Prison at Villejuif. At Versailles the people collected at the doors of the Assembly to insult the aristocrats.

The deputies of the Third Estate, the commoners, felt themselves supported and grew bolder. On June 17th, with three thousand people gathered outside, they declared themselves a National Assembly, and provisionally and as long as the Assembly sat. A National Debt.

The Court now prepared for a Royal Session, in which the King would himself fix the few reforms to be granted, and would annul all the resolutions of the Assembly. The deputies of the Third Estate deall of the Tennis Court in the Rue Saint-François.

acrowd accompanied them, and volunteer soldiers forme them. On arrival at the hall they took a scremn oath not to separate till they had given France a Constitution. Two days later, the Third Estate, being obliged to sit in the Church of Saint Louis, found the clergy coming to take part in their deliberations. On June 23rd the King appeared before the deputies and annulled all the resolutions of the Third Estate: decreed the maintenance of the orders: deseparate for the time being.

The nobility and clergy thereupon departed, but moment to lose; haste to arms!" the commoners, the Third Estate, kept their places. Mirabeau declared that they would leave only by the force of the bayonet.

The Court could no longer depend on the Army. The Army was turning towards the people. This gave the people the whip hand. Paris was in a ferment. Deputies who opposed the popular cause were attacked and went in fear of their lives. The burning of their

houses was discussed By the end of June the Assembly still sat. Mucl parleying had led to the uniting of the Three Orders. Troops were massed at Versailles with the object of dispersing the Assembly. The Minister Necker was dismissed by the Court on July 11th. On July 12th the people of Paris carried his bust through the streets and, at the Palais Royal, Camille Desmoulins made an appeal to arms. The people rose, and 50,000 piles were forged in 36 hours. On July 14th, the people marched upon the Bastille and took it.

The middle class throughout endeavoured to use the workers against the Court, but to prevent the workers from going further than the middle class desired, they unged the workers to arm and at the same time armed themselves.

Meanwhile the King sought to retain the support. of the nobility by declaring that the feudal system must remain intact.

All the conspiracies of the Court were made known in Paris and announced broadcast to the people. The servants about the Court reported to the revolutionaries all the conversations amongst their masters. Such news quickly reached the middle class revolutionary Breton Club, established by Breton deputies, which

later became the Jacobin Club. The Palais Royal, with its gardens and cafés, had become an open air revolutionary club. 10,000 people of all classes went there each day to discuss the news.

Distress and discontent were growing: to avert famine, the exportation of corn was prohibited on September 7th, 1788, and 70,000,000 francs were expended on the purchase of foreign wheat. On April 23rd, 1789, by Decree of the King's Council, judges and officers of the police were empowered to visit private granaries, make an inventory of the grain, and, if necessary, send it to market. The officers made such regulations a dead letter however. In July 1798, the Government established bounties for those who brought wheat to Paris, but the imported wheat was

secretly re-exported in order that the bounty might be obtained for it again. In the provinces, monopolists bought up the corn, and even the standing crops. The National Assembly, in spite of the heroics of the Tennis Court, shielded the speculators. When, on ated the rabbits and hares, and the woods of the July 6th, Bouche announced in the Chamber that the culprits were known and that a formal accusation would be made next day, Gorsas reports that a "general panic took possession of the Assembly." Evidently there were negotiations behind the scenes, for next day came and went, and no morewas heard of the matter. Indeed, the middle class Assembly

On June 30th there had been a riot in Paris, eleven French Guards were arrested for refusing to fire on in Bengal. A millionaire invited to preside of the people. Next day the Assembly voted an address On April 27th, 1789, the Electoral Assemblies met to the King, in which it deplored the troubles agitating Paris and protested its "profound attachment to the presidentship betrays his ignorance of the Labour reval authority."

In July, when the Court was concentrating troops for an attack on Paris and the Assembly, and the people were preparing to rise, the Assembly remained inactive, and on July 8th prayed the King-in a humble address of adulation—to withdraw the troops. In fact, the propertied middle class was willing to morning they went to his factory and plundered it. work with the King against the people if he were

> The Court was preparing its attack for July 16th. This was known in the working class quarters of Paris. Agitators were busy amongst the people: they let off squibs and fireworks at the street corners, and when a crowd collected an orator would harangue the people. Bonfires were lit and rockets let off in front of the Palais Royal. On June 25th a body of people marched from Paris towards Versailles to fight the troops, and soldiers of the French Guards deserted their barracks and fraternised with the people.

The arrest of the eleven soldiers who refused to fire on the people on June 3rd, which was the occasion of a loval address from the Assembly to the later, that the established taxes should be levied only King, caused a riot in Paris, and 4,000 men went to the Abbaye Prison to set the soldiers free. The jailers "Committee of Subsistence" was appointed to combat handed over the prisoners to the people, and the the famine, and the Assembly consolidated the dragoons who were sent to sabre the people fraternised with them instead.

The theorists may theorise, but this is how a revolu-

On the outskirts of Paris, at Nangis and other apply also in the case of the second charge, but of cided to resist all attempts to dismiss the Assembly, places, the people refused to pay taxes not fixed by since that concerns the property of an American and finding the Assembly Hall closed in preparation the Assembly, and market riots for bread took place. for the Royal Session, they went in procession to the In some places the famished people even cut the

> On June 30th, at the Café du Caveau, revolutionary volunteers were enrolling for insurrection. On July 4th and 6th the Gardes Françaises patrolled the streets and superintended the distribution of bread.

The Duke de Broglie, with 30,000 troops, had promised the King that he would be "answerable for Paris," and when news of Necker's dismissal came to termined the limits of the reforms to be accomplished, the Café Foy in the Palais Royal with a sword in one and threatened the States-General with dissolution if hand and a pistol in the other. He mounted a chair they failed to obey. He ordered the deputies to and taking a green leaf from one of the trees as a rallying sign, he uttered his cry: "There is not a

> Then came the people's procession with the busts of Necker and the Duke of Orléans, who was also said to have been banished, towards the Place Louis XV (now Place de la Concorde), where the troops were stationed. The troops were surrounded. The Swiss Guards refused to fire on the people. The French Cuards fired a few shots at the "Royal German" regiment which adhered to the King. The soldiers retired, but loval reinforcements were expected; both workers and middle-class, at this point, were together. The tocsin was rung and the people began to forge their most precious quality lies in the way the veil pikes, making 50,000 pikes in a few days, as well as is rent and the naked truth revealed." all kinds of small arms.

All night long workmen compelled passers-by to give them money to buy powder. The toll gates were burnt, and provisions and wine entered Paris freely. Men knocked at the doors of the rich asking for money and arms; but cases of pillage were rare, and it is said that the armourers' shops were the only ones broken into.

On July 13th the monastery of Saint-Lazarre was attacked to the cry of "Bread!" and fifty-two carts laden with flour were taken thence to the Halles market, where the provisions let into Paris duty free were also taken. The people stormed the debtors' prison of La Force and set free the prisoners.

The middle class was alarmed. By six o'clock its Causeway, on Sunday, April 23rd, at 7 p.m militia was already marching to the Hotel de Ville. Representatives of the electors of the Third Estate and some electors of the clergy and nobility were now meeting regularly at the Hotel de Ville with the authorisation of the Town Council and the Ministers

The electors had taken to meeting in their districts. to concert measures of resistance to the King's attack, and from the "districts" representatives were sent to a central committee. This "Permanent Committee." as it was called, became the stronghold of the middle class and organised the middle class militia. militia of 12,000 men was quickly raised, wearing the red and blue cockade as its bdage. The Commander was the Marquis de la Salle, and anyone with arms, wearing the red and blue cockade, without having been registered, was to be judged by the Permanent

(To be continued.)

# SPICE.

"Most of the Indian Labour leaders, have fact, no real claim to be called as such, for the simple reason that they do not belong to the rank and file. A lawyer, a rich merchant. Zamindar, whose interest in Labour does p carry him beyond the Presidential chair of meeting, to which he is generally carried eith in his own car or a Taxi-cab (paid for by the labourer, of course!) has no claim to be a Labour leader. Yet this is what we mostly come across a Labour meeting! His very acceptance of the

# THE ROBBER SEMENOFF. Soldiers or Property?

Semenoff, the White Guard commander, who fought against the Soviets in Siberia, with the assistance of the Allied Capitalist Governmer is charged in New York with two offences:-

(1) The murder of American soldiers in

(2) The seizure of the property of an Amercan

In respect of the first charge, Mr. William Hayward, Federal District Attorney in New York, has declared that Semenoff cannot be brought to trial, because "Semenoff was an independent contingent, acting with the Unite/ States forces, and the only remedy for his allege misdeeds would have been to protest to superiors at the time, with a demand for hi

One might have expected the same dictum to company, it is regarded as much more seriouswhat are the lives of a few "Doughboys" where a Government ally in defence of the sacred rights of property is concerned? Semenoff is held in jail in respect of his seizure of property, and cannot even get bail pending his trial.

The Allied Governments would doubtless have now be got together. This Brigade to spend preferred not to reveal so clearly the character of stall its leisure time and all its spare money in the assassins they hired to war on the Russian Workers' Republic.

# WRIT ON COLD SLATE. By E. Sylvia Pankhurst.

Price 1s. 7d., Post Free.

" Writ on Cold Slate ' is so beautifully and terribly realistic that when reading the poems I suffered again

"Great as is the artistic value of the poems, to me —CLARA GILBERT COLE.

# (LEFT-WING ANTI-PARLIAMENTARY COMMUNISTS)

# WORKERS' DREADNOUGHT MEETINGS.

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A Meeting will be held at 31 Newington Sylvia Pankhurst will lecture on "Commu Admission Free. Literature Sale.

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Tells what everyone wants to know about life und Strikes a blow at Capitalist Social Conventions.

From WORKERS' DREADNOUGHT Office, 152, Flest Street, E.C. 4.

# CORRESPONDENCE.

## COMMUNIST LIFE.

de Cahill has forwarded, with a request ertion, the following letters :-

igh it is now a month ago since your letter .. Voluntary Communism Needed '' appeared e Socialist Press, I now take the liberty that I have not lost touch with it or the it contains, and so I venture now to write and to assure you that I agree with you in ciple. But this is not enough; for I realise at action is required. Such action as will Socialists of all shades of opinion, and them to embody in practical form some of

Socialists as I find them are the most runtled beings I know. They do not in r talk or conduct reveal the spirit of Socialism. In feality they are more anti-capitalist than ra-Socialist. In a word, Socialism is but a name them, to cover their natural hostility to

Now why is this? ink the explanation consists in the fact that pitalist age, with its great accumulations power, as reflected through the gigantic inrial establishments of to-day, has mechanicir minds and robbed them of vision.

Of course, they hate it all, and in a weak way they struggle against the forces that are pressing them down. They are like men in a bog, who, in the effort to get one foot out, only acceed in shoving the other one in.

What, then, is the cure?

The cure, in my opinion, depends upon the degree of character that we develop along lines ossible to us, this side of the revolution; and this means we will stimulate and lead our ellow men, who remain out in the world of inurity, towards the light.

therefore think that the nucleus of what, for e present, I will call a Security Brigade, might building up the best form of Socialist structure ssible to-day. Amongst themselves they would e as a community of kindred spirits—all DEAR EDITOR erences to be subordinated by the over-rule Communist principles-doing all sorts of seful and skilful things for each other, free of houghts of profit. The social spirit would hus have a clean cutlet and the moral uplication ight well be great.

but to begin with, I would suggest that the misation of the food supply for the Brigadethe mental anguish an understanding mind feels that is, on Communist lines—should be the first drity, the question of food must take the wages for employees? st place—all other activities, provided our The C.W.S. advertisements tell us that all profits

, would set a high example of conduct. d as a guarantee of such conduct, if such were ded, a healthy rivalry between the Brigades ferent Districts, as to which might show ghest form of social enterprise, could be

think I will stop here for the present, Mrs. al, as I think I have said sufficient, for the sent, at any rate, to indicate to you what I aiming at. Perhaps if you agree, you will f not you will suggest your alternativenot at all dogmatic, provided we can get ing done before our lights go out for

Yours fraternally,

you can now form a rough picture, at least, ment he could muster to secure a conviction. e type of man who writes this letter.

re Communism. I am interested in the ideas put ment. The defence replies. Then the prosecu-

would be:- Then the judge "sums up," or, as in this case,

things ready on their return.

and tailoring could undertake this work.

6.—Many find it a bother to write letters, the big-wigs. etc., some to whom this comes easy would undertake this work.

7.—A list of names and addresses could be is the last person on whom poison will be found. published of comrades who could be called on Having every reason to be circumspect, he is in cases of illness, or other emergencies.

Further, I do not think we should forget the arsenic in his pocket. He certainly would not run lighter side. There is no doubt many comrades the risk of its being found there by carrying it who can play and sing and have other accom- about with him daily, unless he were insane. plishments—it might be possible at times for The mercenary reasons alleged to have been them to combine and give to other comrades the the motives which caused Armstrong to attempt benefit of their talents.

would be the cultivating of an allotment, all those sane person has accepted these as motives for living near, helping with same. The keeping of murder. chickens in, perhaps, a corner of a comrade's If we lived under Communism, no man would garden could also be carried out.

Of course, it must be understood that satis- poison a fellow solicitor from professional factory arrangements would need to be arrived jealousy. Moreover, no man would murder his at where the need of mony came in.

practical service to one another. By this I think it would be a mistake at any time to form would create a scandal which would cause him to means we will arrive at as much security as is a colony. You would be away from the public, lose his post. Evidently that is the motive which eye, and the living of such a life would un- is supposed to have animated Armstrong in thi undoubtedly tend to narrow one's outlook, and society of Pauls Pry. whilst you were comfortable and well cared for, We predict that in the not distant future the hardships of those in the outside world would post mortem will be held on the body probably be forgotten. A much better method person to whom arsenic has been medically adwould be to have a few houses in different streets, ministered, as it was to Mrs. Armstrong in the so that the communal life in practice could be asylum, but in whose case no unfortunate person seen by the unconverted.

# Co-Operative Director's £850 a Year.

news which I think ought to be given greater publicity: "Co-operative women are highly pleased at the success of Mrs. Cottrell, of Birmingham, in being the first woman to secure a seat on the board of

directors of the Co-operative Wholesale Society.

The post carries £850 a year." What right have the C.W.S. directors to pay these inflated salaries to officials of the Society? Have they a mandate from the rank and file of Co-operators to bilities. after to be tackled. For, from the angle of salaries for office-holders, and long hours and low do so? Would the Rochdale Pioneers approve of huge

minds remained plastic and unstereotyped, would made by the Society go to the purchasing members. It is clear, however, if £850 a year is a sample of the salaries being paid to its officials, that the cream of , if such Brigades were formed all over these profits goes to the administrators, and only the tain, one can easily see how useful they could skimmed milk of them to the purchasing members. wonder that the Daily News speaks of seats being "secured" on the C.W.S. board of directors. Naturally there will be plenty of ambitious people in the movement anxious to "secure" seats at £850 a year. These big salaries will certainly attract car rists into

> Yours, etc., S. HUGH SIMCOE.

THE HAY MURDER CASE.

the C.W.S., as they have attracted these undesirables

into the Trade Union movement, to its undoing.

Justice Darling, in acting as Super-Council for the prosecution in the Hay murder trial, followed what has become a common custom amongst judges. In theory the judges should sum up and easily they accept the stigma of failing to disrecall to the jury the arguments on both sides; in practice Justice Darling assisted in brow-P.S.—I am an unattached Socialist, 37 years beating the accused and his witnesses, and in a ge, a labourer, married and with one child. four hours' speech to the jury, used every argu-

The unfortunate accused certainly does not get have read with interest the correspondence tion is opened by the attorneys of the Govern-

forward by "Dionysus." tion is given a second innings of unlimited length, For example, I think the way it could be done after which the defence has not a word of reply. 1.—A meat safe requires new hinges, a makes another speech for the prosecution. notice is published to this effect, and a com- Swayed by the persuasive arguments of judge rade capable of doing same comes forward. and prosecuting Counsel, the jury is apt to forget 2.—A comrade requires some mending done, all about the defence. The accused, if a a notice appears, and forward comes a comrade. person of limited means, cannot afford to hire 3.—A special occasion arises when a one of the more famous legal luminaries. If his comrade, unable to make cakes or light pastry, Counsel fails in the unequal battle of argument, very much wants some; a notice appears, and the life of the accessed is forfeit.

a comrade comes forward to do same. It is perhaps a hopeful sign that it required 4.—Some comrades are going for a holiday; four hours dragooning by Jusice Darling to inwell, instead of having to clear up on the morn- duce the jury to convict Armstrong. Justice ing of their departure, another comrade Darling complimented the jurymen on their inundertakes to go in and tidy up and leave telligence; because they presented a verdict of "Guilty." We should have felt more respect 5.—Many who are clever at dressmaking for their intelligence had they possessed the independence of mind to withstand the influence of

It appears to us that if Armstrong were guilty he must be insane. It would seem that a poisoner the last person to forget that he has a packet of

two murders, were very flimsy. The rottenness Another thing that could be very well arranged of our civilisation is shown by the fact that any

desire to murder his wife for her money, or to wife because he wished to part from her and With regard to the letter from Leigh Rothwell, secure another companion, fearing that to do so

will be charged with murder. Then it will be discovered, as in so many other matters, that the doctors do not know everything about the effects of arsenic. Then it will be found that either because the organism was unhealthy, or for some The Daily News of April 4th, printed a piece of other reason, arsenic may remain and accumulate in the system—and perhaps even cause the death

of the patient the doctors were trying to cure. As in the Kidwelly case so in the Hay case, the various doctors concerned with the unfortunate patient have shown themselves miserably incompetent and unfit for their professional responsi-

Lord Knutsford says that women doctors are not proving a success: the male members of the profession have not much to boast of if the medical men who attended the alleged victims in these cases may be considered a fair sample of the rest. In this case, Dr. Hincks asserts that his patient was gradually done to death under his me. They, in contrast with capitalist pro- No wonder prices at the Co-op. Stores are, in eyes and he did not know it. We respectfully general, higher than those at the capitalist shops. No submit that if this were the fact, his name ought to be struck off the Medical Rolls, for gross incompetence. As for the Asylum doctors, they, too, are hardly the sort of people we should care to trust if they received a patient suffering from acute arsenical poisoning and, so far from discovering that, went on treating her with arsenic without knowing that her system was already overcharged with it. Did not Dr. Hincks: did not the Asylum practitioners take, for instance, the simple precaution of examining the patient's

It is evident that the doctors were incompetent and neglectful. It is interesting to notice how cover a patient was being poisoned, when once the Government has made itself responsible for proving that the patient was poisoned.

We say, advisedly, that the Government makes itself responsible for proving the case against the accused. Therein lies a great evil. The effort of fair play in our Courts of Law-we prefer not to the Government lawyers and police, analysts and call them Courts of Justice. Firstly the prosecu- medical experts is not to discover the truth, but

(Continued on page 8.)

# INDEPENDENT WORKING CLASS EDUCATION AND OFFICIAL LABOUR.

SHALL THE LABOUR COLLEGE'S ACCEPT GOVERNMENT GRANTS?

IS THE LABOUR COLLEGE MOVEMENT PREPARED TO BE RUN UNDER THE TRADE UNION CONGRESS GENERAL COUNCIL?

WHERE THE UNITED FRONT IS LEADING.

The Trade Union Congress General Counc has approached the Executive of the National Council of Labour Colleges and the Governors of the Labour College, with a view to bringing the Independent Working Class Education movement under the control of the General Council of the Trade Union Congress. The General Counc has formed a committee called the Joint Committee on Education Facilities for Trade Unions. This Committee consists of Messrs. A. Pugh, G. Hicks, J. W. Bowen, A. H. Findlay, and C. W. Bowerman: these persons represent a General Council Sub-Committee. On this Joint Committee there is also represented a Trade Union Education Enquiry Committee. The Enquiry Committee is evidently the generating force from which has sprung this Official Labour move to gobble up the Independent Working Class Education movement. The Trade Union Education Enquiry Committee was represented by Messrs. G. D. H. Cole, A. Creech Jones, J. M. McTavish, T. W. Burden, and Mrs. E. Calthrop.

Mr. A. Pugh acts as chairman, and Mr. Bowerman as secretary of the Joint Committee on Education Facilities for Trade Unions. The Committee is therefore of a completely Trade Union Executive complexion. A large proportion of the members of the Joint Committee are officially connected with the W.E.T.U.C. and W.E.A., with which the I.W.C.E. has always been at war.

A meeting between the Joint Committee from the T.U.C. Executive and representatives of the N.C.L.C. and I.W.C.E. movement took place on March 30th.

After a general discussion, in which the I.W.C.E. spokesman declared that they would not agree for a moment to any interference with the principles on which their movement has been built up, the I.W.C.E. deputation was invited:

" (1) to send in details of the Labour College curriculum, and

" (2) to submit answers to the following questions:-

(a) Is the Labour College Movement prepared to accept Government grants, provided there are no conditions attached to them. and

(b) Is the Labour College Movement willing to be run under the T.U.C., provided its principles, policy, and curriculum are guaranteed against interference?"

The National Council of Labour Colleges is therefore sending out a questionaire to its branches, asking:—

"(1) Are you prepared to accept Government grants on condition they do not involve any interference with, or modification of the present educational policy of the N.C.L.C.?

"(2) Are you prepared to participate in the proposed T.U.C. scheme, on condition that

our present policy and standpoint in education remain unchanged, which involves the liberty to run the N.C.L.C. classes in any area, and to take the necessary steps to obtain Trade Union support?"

Our advice to you, fellow worker, should you happen to move in Independent Working for Class Education circles, is to vote for continued independence. If the Labour Colleges and Classes all become tied to the Trade Union Congress, they will grow more and more bourgeois-reformist, form they become, not an exact model of the W.E.A., but something much more carefully typed for Reformism.

The Governors of the Labour College have decided to reply in the affirmative to the Labour questions regarding the acceptance of Government grants and being run by the Trade Union Congress. The Executive of the National Council of Labour Colleges are making a similar recommendation to their members.

This is the Unity Front carried to a disastrous extreme.

We urge all Plebs to vote against running under Trade Union Congress control, or accepting Government grants.

Remember that the power of the purse is paramount, fellow worker.

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Tolstoi for the Young (Townsend) ...... 2

The charge that Armstrong attempted to murder Martin, helped materially in securing his conviction for murdering his wife: yet the Martin case has scarcely been investigated, and the question which is the key to the episode: who sent the poisoned chocolates, and were they poisoned? was carefully excluded by Justice rling when he asked the Grand Jury to throw

out that part of the Bill.

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